

Alexandria
AND COMMERCIAL



Advertiser
INTELLIGENCER.

Vol. III.]

MONDAY, MARCH 21, 1863.

No. 70.

Public Vendue.

On TUESDAY,
At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue
Store,

Rum in hogheads and barrels.

French Brandy in pipes,
Gin in pipes and bls.
Whiskey and Apple Brandy in bls.
Sugar in hhd. tierces and bls.
Coffee in tierces and bags,
Chocolate
White and brown Soap } in boxes.
Mould and dip'd Candles }
Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,
Figs in kegs and frails,
Queens Ware in crates,
FURNITURE, &c.

ALSO.

A variety of DRY GOODS,

Among which are,

Cloths, Coatings,
Kerseys, Duffels,
Plains and Kerseys,
Negro Cottons, Serges,
Elaficks, blue Friezes,
Calimancoes and Russels,
Yarn Stockings,
Chintzes and Calicoes,
Irish Linens, Silecia do.
Platillas,
Osnaburghs and Ticklenburgs,
Mullins and Muslin Hand'ts,
India Mullins and Table Cloths
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,
Silk Stockings,
Coloured Threads, Hats,
Plated Candlesticks,
And sundry other Articles.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

March 18.

Sales by Auction.

On WEDNESDAY,

At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue
Store, the corner of King and Union
Streets.

Rum in hhd. and barrels,
Whiskey in barrels,
Apple Brandy in barrels,
Gin in casks,
Wine in pipes and quatter casks,
Molasses in hhd.
Sugar in hhd. and barrels,
White and brown Soap in boxes,
Coffee in casks and bags,
Raisins in kegs and boxes,
Queen's Ware, and

ALSO,

A variety of DRY GOODS.

—AMONG WHICH ARE—

Broad Cloths,	Irish Linens,
Calimancoes,	Calicoes,
Kerseys,	Threads,
Coatings,	Chintzes,
Halfstuffs,	Bedticks,
Fearnought,	Osnaburghs,
Blankets,	Sewing Silks,
Planes,	Muslin and Muslin
Negro Cottons,	Handkerchiefs,
Worsted and other	India Cottons, &c
Stockings,	&c.

THOS. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

March 16.

ABEL WILLIS,

A FRESH SUPPLY OF
Rhode-Island CHEESE,
Apples,
Crab Cyder, by the barrel, of the first
quality,
Cranberries,
Sweet Oranges,
Lemons, by the box,
Best Rhode-Island Potatoes,
Mackerel, by the barrel, together with
a general assortment of
GROCERIES and NUTS.

We have received by the sloop
Mary, from Portsmouth,

10 tons Bar Iron,

A few bales Russia Sheerings and Duck,
A few bls. of excellent Mackerell,
A few hhd. N. E. Rum,
And a few bales low priced Mullins,
which will be sold cheap.

RICKETTS, NEWTON, & Co.

Feb. 23.

On MONDAY the fourth day of April
next, will be sold at Vendue, on
the premises, on a credit of 60 and 90
days,

Those two HOUSES on the
south west corner of King and Washing-
ton streets, at present occupied by Philip
Russell and John Violet.

Also,

The small House and Shop on
Washington street adjoining.

For information as to the title, &c. &c.
apply to Jonah Thompson, Esq. or to

THOS. PATTEN,

Auctioneer.

March 15.

Valuable LANDS for Sale.

WILL BE SOLD,

To the highest bidder, by the Executors of
the late Gen. George Washington, the
following

TRACTS OF LAND,

at the times and places hereafter men-
tioned, viz.

On the first Monday in April,
on the premises, 600 acres lying in Charles
county, in the state of Maryland, near a
place called the Fifth Trap, about 16 miles
above Port Tobacco.

On the 2d Monday in April,
on the premises, 519 acres in Montgo-
mery county, in the state of Maryland,
in the neighbourhood of Frederick Town,
not far from Kittortan.

On the 15th day of April, at
Charles town, 453 acres in Jefferson coun-
ty, Virginia, about two miles west of
Charleston, Also, 240 acres lying in Hamp-
shire county, on Potomac river, about
12 miles above Bath.

On the 16th day of April, on
the premises, 1600 acres in Jefferson
county, on the fourth fork of Bullkin.

On the 18th day of April, on
the premises, 183 acres in Jefferson coun-
ty in Wormley line.

On the 20th day of April, on
the premises, 571 acres in Frederick
county, 1 1/2 miles south of Battle Town.

On the 22d day of April, at
Paris, 2481 acres on Ashby's Bent, and
885 acres on Chattin's run, in Fauquier
county.

One fourth of the amount of
the purchase money to be paid down, and
the balance in three equal annual instal-
ments, to be secured by a mortgage on
the premises, and to carry interest from
the day of sale.

The EXECUTORS.

March 12.

THOMAS SIMMS

Has just received and offers for Sale,
A few barrels of Rhode Island

Cyder,
Rhode Island Cheese,
Codfish and some barrels of excellent

APPLES.

Feb. 18.

Just received, and for Sale,

By Robert and John Gray,
[Price 25 Cents]

Negro Slavery Unjustifiable.

A SERMON.

By ALEX. McLEOD, A. M. Pastor of the
reformed Congregation, in the City of
New York.

Feb. 5.

Will be landed to-morrow,
At Messrs. Larvafson and Smoot's wharf,
out of the schooner *Friendship*, Captain
Burns, from Moniferat,

25 puncheons strong, fine fla-
vored RUM, which will be sold cheap
for cash or a short credit.

JOHN G. LADD.

March 15.

Just Received,

A large supply of Writing Paper,
of various kinds.

R. & J. GRAY.

March 15.

Doctor HALL,

RESPECTFULLY acquaints the pub-
lic, that he will practice Medicine
in this town and its immediate vicinity;
and that he is now opening an extensive
Assortment of Medicine, &c.

which he will dispose of either by whole-
sale or retail, upon as good terms as they
are to be had in this place.

N. B. Medicine Chests (with general
directions free) put up on a short notice.

March 9.

Notice.

All persons having claims a-
gainst the estate of William Triplett, of
Round-Hill, deceased, are requested to
bring them forward for adjustment and
payment; and all those indebted to the
estate, are respectfully called upon to make
immediate payment to the Executors—it
being their anxious wish to close all the
accounts, and settle with the legatees as
soon as possible.

CHARLES LITTLE, } Ex'ors.
GEO. TRIPLETT, }

March 1.

FOR SALE,

ALIKELY NEGRO GIRL, about
16 years of age.

Apply to the Printer.

Dec. 18.

Just received and for Sale by
JOSEPH DYSON,

A QUANTITY OF

FRESH ORANGES,

By the hundred or smaller quantity.

Jan. 19.

JOHN G. LADD

HAS JUST RECEIVED, per the
snow Cornelia, and offers for sale,

100 pieces Russia Sheetings,
100 do. Ravens Duck,
52 bolts Russia Canvass,
2 bales fine Oznaburghs,
2 do. brown Rolls,
1 do. white do.,
1 box Platillas,
1 do. narrow Linens,
5 ton Russia clean Hemp,
2 do. Cordage assorted,
50 boxes Castile Soap,
100 do. brown Soap,
50 do. Spermaceti Candles,
10 casks Spermaceti Whale Oil,
20 do. Tanners' brown do.,
6 bales of Glue,
16 Feather Beds with Bolsters and

Pillows,
10 chests Hyson Tea,
11 hhd. Molasses,
100 casks fresh Lime,
2 bls. and 3 boxes Ladies fine
fancy coloured Shoes, very cheap.

March 10.

R. & J. GRAY

Have just received and for sale, at their
Book Store in King street,
[Price 25 cents.]

AN ADDRESS

To the Government of the United States,
ON THE

Cession of Louisiana,

To the French; and on the late breach
of Treaty by the Spaniards:

Including the translation of a Memorial
on the War of St. Domingo, and Ces-
sion of the Mississippi to France, drawn
up by a French Counsellor of State.

March 10.

Just Received,

A QUANTITY OF EXCELLENT
VENISON HAMS,

For sale by

T. SIMMS.

March 12.

A. WILLIS

Has just received a quantity of excell-
China Oranges, Cranberries
and Sheldark Nuts,
which he offers for sale at his store on
Prince street.

March 9.

William Hartshorne

HAS FOR SALE,

Forty barrels new Beef,
Five bls. Pork,
Fifty bls. Tar,
Fine and coarse Salt,
First quality Sugar in hhd. and bls.
Phila. loaf and lump Sugar in do.
Five pipes old Lisbon Wine,
One pipe Madeira, four years old,
Pennsylvania and Swedish Bar Iron,
One pair Bar Mill Stones, 5 feet dia-

meter,

One pair Cologne do. about 5 feet.

And at his Mill,

Shorts and Bran,

Indian Meal,

Rye Meal,

Seed Oats,

Plaster of Paris by the bushel.

3d Mo. 19.

To Rent,

Possession given immediately,
A large Brick Warehouse ad-
joining R. Newton and Co. and a com-
fortable Dwelling House, on Prince street.
For particulars enquire of
RICKETTS, NEWTON & Co.

Just Received and for Sale,
Sweet Oranges, Lemons, Limes
and Cocoa Nuts. Also,
A few boxes of excellent Havan-
na SEGARS.

March 18.

J. DYSON.

PROPOSALS

For Publishing by Subscription,
MODERN GEOGRAPHY.
A DESCRIPTION

OF THE
EMPIRES, KINGDOMS, STATES, AND
COLONIES,
WITH THE
OCEANS, SEAS, AND ISLES,
IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD;
Including the most recent discoveries and
political alterations, digested on
a new plan.

BY JOHN PINKERTON.

THE ASTRONOMICAL INTRO-
DUCTION
BY THE REV. S. VINCE, A. M. F. R. S.
And plinian professor of astronomy, and
experimental philosophy, in the
University of Cambridge.

WITH NUMEROUS MAPS,

Drawn under the direction, and with the
latest improvements, of Arrowmith,
and engraved by the best artists.

CONDITIONS.

The work will be comprised in two octavo
volumes, of about 800 pages each,
and a quarto Atlas, containing all the
Maps.

It will be printed on a fine paper and new
type.

The price to subscribers will be nine dol-
lars, neatly bound and lettered. Each
volume will be delivered as soon as fi-
nished, and no money required until
the delivery.

It will be put to press as soon as four hun-
dred subscribers are obtained.

Those gentlemen who may be desirous of
promoting the circulation of this impor-
tant work, may have one copy gratis,
by procuring and accounting for the
subscription of six.

In order to produce an immediate encon-
agement to the undertaking, the sum
at which subscribers will receive their
books is considerably under that which
will be charged to non-subscribers.

Subscribers received by RO-
BERT and JOHN GRAY,
King Street, where a specimen
of the work may be seen.

Alex. Feb. 28.

Just Received,

250 sacks ground Allum Salt,
in bags of four bushels each, for sale by
WM. HODGSON.

Feb. 26.

MANDAMUS.

WM. MAREBURY, } On a motion for
vs. } a Mandamus.
The SEC. of STATE, }

(Continued.)

This opinion seems not now, for the first time, to be taken up in this country. It must be well recollected that in 1792, an act passed, directing the Secretary at war to place on the pension list such disabled officers and soldiers as should be reported to him by the Circuit courts; which act, so far as the duty was imposed on the courts, was deemed unconstitutional; but some of the judges, thinking that the law might be executed by them in the character of commissioners, proceeded to act and to report in that character.

That this question might be properly settled, congress passed an act in February 1793, making it the duty of the secretary of war, in conjunction with the Attorney General, to take such measures, as might be necessary, to obtain an adjudication of the Supreme Court of the United States on the validity of any such rights, claimed under the act aforesaid.

When the subject was brought before the court the decision was not, that a mandamus would not lie to the head of a department, directing him to perform an act enjoined by law, in the performance of which an individual had a vested interest; but that a mandamus ought not to issue *in that case*; the decision necessarily to be made, if the report of the commissioners did not concur on the applicant a legal right.

The doctrine, therefore, now advanced is by no means a novel one.

It is to deliver a commission ; on which subject the acts of Congress are silent.— This difference is not considered as affecting the case. It has already been stated that the applicant has to that commission, a vested, legal right, of which the executive cannot deprive him. He has been appointed to an office, from which he is not removable at the will of the executive ; and being so appointed, he has a right to the commission which the Secretary has received from the President for his use. The act of Congress does not

It was at first doubted whether the action of detinue was not a specific legal remedy for the commission which has been withheld from Mr. Marbury; in which case a mandamus would be improper. — But this doubt has yielded to the consideration that the judgment in detinue is for the thing itself, or its value. The value of a public office not to be sold, is incapable of being ascertained; and the applicant has a right to the office itself, or to nothing. He will obtain the office by obtaining the commission, or a copy of it from the record.

Whether it can issue from this court ?
The act to establish the judicial courts of the United States, authorises the supreme court " to issue writs of mandamus, in cases warranted by the principles and usages of law, to any courts appointed, or persons holding office, under the authority of the United States."

The constitution vests the whole judicial power of the United States in one supreme court, and in such inferior courts as congress shall, from time to time, ordain and establish. This power is expressly extended to all cases arising under the laws of the United States; and consequently in some form may be exercised over the present case: because the right claimed is given by a law of the United States.

It has been insisted, at the bar, that as the original grant of jurisdiction, to the Supreme and inferior courts, is general, and the clause, assigning original jurisdiction to the supreme court, contains no negative or restrictive words; the power remains to the legislature, to assign original jurisdiction to that court in other cases than those specified in the article which has been recited; provided those cases belong to the judicial power of the U. S.

The subsequent part of the section is mere surplusage, is entirely without meaning, if such is to be the construction. If Congress remains at liberty to give this court appellate jurisdiction where the constitution has declared their jurisdiction shall be original - and original jurisdiction where the constitution has declared it shall be appellate - the distribution of jurisdiction, made in the constitution, is form without substance.

It cannot be presumed that any clause in the constitution is intended to be without effect; and therefore such a construction is inadmissible, unless the words require it.

If the solicitude of the convention, respecting our peace with foreign powers, induced a provision that the Supreme Court should take original jurisdiction in cases which might be supposed to affect them — yet the clause would have proceeded no further, than to provide for such cases, if no further restriction on the powers of Congress had been intended. That they should have appellate jurisdiction in all other cases, with such exceptions as Congress might make, is no restriction ;

When an instrument organizing fundamentally a judicial system, divides it into one Supreme, and for many inferior courts as the legislature may ordain and establish, then enumerates its powers, and proceeds so far to distribute them, as to define the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court, by declaring the cases in which it shall take original jurisdiction, and that in others it shall take appellate jurisdiction: the plain import of the words seems to be, that in one class of cases its jurisdiction is original, and not appellate; in the other it is appellate, and not original. If any other construction would render the clause inoperative, that is an additional reason for rejecting such other construction, and for adhering to their obvious meaning.

It has been stated at the bar that the appellate jurisdiction may be exercised in a variety of forms, and that if it be the will of the Legislature that a mandamus should be used for that purpose, that will must be obeyed. This is true, yet the jurisdiction must be appellate, not original.

The authority, therefore, given to the Supreme Court, by the act establishing the judicial courts of the United States, to issue writs of mandamus to public officers, appears not to be warranted by the constitution; and it becomes necessary to enquire whether a jurisdiction, so conferred, can be exercised.

(To be Continued.)

Yesterday's mail possessed us of a letter from Paris, which mentions that Lord Whitworth, in a recent conference with the French minister, had demanded an assurance that France will not send troops to Egypt or any of the Ottoman dominions; but was informed that Great Britain, as a naval power, had no right to interfere in continental politics; and that France could not return any answer which might be deemed to imply any acquiescence in such pretensions. We heard a similar report on 'Change, and the following corresponding articles are given in the French papers, received yesterday, under date, Stuttgart, Jan. 7.

Although we should not be surpris'd if such were the sentiments and hostile avowments of France, we are yet led to hope the statements are erroneous; and we incline the more to this persuasion, because the stated declaration to have been current at Stutzard on the 7th must have been made current early in the month and we

If our government has reason to believe that France meditates the sending troops to any of the Turkish provinces, in opposition to the treaty of Amiens, which stipulates the integrity of that empire, and if the consular court refuses to make a satisfactory declaration on the subject of any representation resulting from that impression, there can exist but one opinion as to the line of conduct which this country ought to adopt.

NORFOLK, March 1 c.

Arrived since our last,

Sch'r Experiment, Seely, from Men-
tego Bay. In lat. 26, 30, long. 80, 10,
spoke the sch'r Judah, from Havannah,
bound to this port.

Sch'r Friendship, Dinman, from New-York.

Sch'r Elizabeth, Richie, from New Providence.

Sloop George, Potter, from Providence,
(R. I.)

Ship Liberty, captain John Daily, for
 Idle of May, to sail in 6 days; ship Ame-
 rica, of Boston, capt. Gardner, for New-
 York, to sail in 3 days; schooner —,
 of do. time not known; ship Argus, capt.
 Durham, for Norfolk, in 3 weeks;
 ships Richmond and Liberty, of Philadel-
 phia. Besides many other American ves-
 sels names unknown.

MONDAY, MARCH 21.

"On the 2d inst. an express arrived here from the Governor of New Orleans with dispatches for the Spanish Consul. Nothing has yet certainly transpired with respect to their contents. Various are the conjectures, and report speaks of the landing of some French troops at the Floridas."

"Our last advices put it beyond a doubt, that the French are now on the way to this place, and are looked for daily. The baggage of the Prefect is already arrived, and several officers of inferior grades."

is written upon the margin of a Savannah paper of Thursday last, addressed to the Post-master of this city:

"An express is said to be arrived in this city, in 17 days overland from Pen."

The pilot of the Dy
York, from New-Orle
the port of N. Orlea
American vessels, and
troops had arrived ther

I have the satisfaction of seeing my fellow citizens that the importation of Flour is taken off. His Royal Highness the Prince Regent of Portugal has granted an unlimited permission for the importation of Foreign Flour into this country without paying a duty of sixty cents per barrel. The vessels from the United States are clear bills of health, and are free from any sickness, and are not to be subjected to quarantine.

Signed, WILLIAM L. G. B. B.

"Three Tinner
have lately settled in
a mint, and have struck
bars, the best counterfeits
Mr. Clarkson, a Jew,
brought them down for
hundred dollars, with
machinery, metal, &c.
color of bell metal,
with silver. The fig-
ure with a small stroke from
figure which makes
figure 4 turned upside
down have that mark
die;—'tis supposed the
money is in circulation. To-
morrow.

"On the 12th
TUCKY was laun-
rous concourse of peo-
tify themselves with
"The Kentucky
fel burthen 239 ton
cipally locust, yellow
nut and cedar and w
rection of Mr. John
of Philadelphia, who
owner to superintend
is due to him for his
down immediately to
berland river, where
receive nearly 18000
proceed thence to L

True Republicans
were last evening
berst, (N. H.) pay
contains a statement
vornor in 27 tow
Gov. GILMAN has
the democratic cand

From Cap
A gentleman ju
Francois has furnis
ing particulars from

On the morning of 6 o'clock A. M. the assembly of the people was over, previous to the day, ever vigilant the design of the national guard assembly who had marched a river leading from town, and got to Boutte, and soon master of Fort Bel in it to death, and hospital, and killing there that could not same time an attack mountain back of Foster and Pleasance houses in town. Engagement for who routed from this place they were drove in those two actions forty killed and whole force amounted, lost about hundred prisoners, and a officer.

Two days after
had escaped from
brought accounts
ing and killing
whites. It was

Two days after this, a few people, who had escaped from the island of Tortugas, brought accounts of the negroes there, rising and killing the principal part of the whites. It was fortunate for the people

appointed, the framers of the address declared to the people, that on this occasion there should, at any rate, be a day of *rejoicing*; that they would *rejoice* that Thomas Jefferson had been chosen president, &c. enumerating about forty reasons for rejoicing; they observed, that the four years which preceded the election of president Jefferson, was like darkness which preceds the morning; that twenty years had elapsed since they *rejoiced* in the distinguished victory which terminated in glory a tedious, distressing and expensive war; in short that after such a length of time they were determined once more to *rejoice* just to see what rejoicing was and they therefore held out a joyful and alluring prospect to every good democrat in the State. They begin by promising them, ' a procession, an oration by Pierpont Edwards, selected vocal and instrumental music, (consisting of four enumerated *psalm* tunes) a public dinner and dancing in the evening, adding, that *private* houses were engaged for all the ladies who may honor the occasion with their company!' which must be intended for those democratic ladies who have not any particular gallant at home and shews, more than any thing, the intention to have a concourse as large as possible; and it may be added, it contains no little more. This address was signed by eight persons as managers, at the head of which we are agreeably surprised to find the name of deacon Abraham Bishop, aged 79 years last November, the same person who was appointed collector in the place of Mr. Goodrich. We are extremely

No more shall we complain
Of superstitions reign,
We sing its fall,

Printing in all its variety executed at this office.

SAMUEL BISHOP,

BOOKSELLER, & STATIONER

Respectfully informs the Public that he has received from Lee & Co's Patent and Family Medicine Store, Baltimore, a fresh assortment of the following

Valuable Medicines,

Which are in high esteem and general use throughout the United States, many of them being sold cheaper than the drugs of which they are compounded, could be purchased at a retail store.

TAKE NOTICE,

That S. Bishop is appointed the ONLY Agent for Alexandria.

Dr. HAMILTON'S ELIXIR,

A sovereign remedy for Colds, Obsolete Coughs, Asthma, Catarrhs, Sore Throats, and Approaching Consumptions.

To parents who may have children afflicted with the HOOPING COUGH.

This discovery is of the first magnitude, as it is an immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorder to which children are liable—the Elixir is perfectly agreeable and the dose so small, that no difficulty arises in taking it.

From LUTHER MARTIN, Esq. Attorney-General of the State of Maryland.

Gentlemen, I comply with your request in stating my opinion of Hamilton's Elixir. It has been used in my family for two or three years past, with uniform success, whenever colds, coughs, or similar complaints have rendered medicine necessary. I have myself found it an excellent and agreeable remedy for a very painful and troublesome affection of the breast, accompanied with soreness and with obstructed and difficult breathing.

On these accounts, I do not hesitate to recommend Hamilton's Elixir, as a valuable medicine, and deserving public attention.

LUTHER MARTIN.

Mr. Abijah Henly, Bridge-Street, Baltimore, was cured by one bottle of Hamilton's elixir of a very complicated disorder, occasioned by a severe cold caught several months ago. He breathed with the greatest difficulty, and was often thrown into weakening sweats when he attempted to walk any distance, and his voice would frequently fail in such a degree that he could only attempt to whisper; he has been upwards of six weeks without a return of his complaints, and desires to give this public testimony in favour of this invaluable medicine.

Dr. Hamilton's GRAND RESTORATIVE,

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine, for the speedy relief and permanent cure of the various complaints which result from dissipated pleasures—juvenile indiscretions—refinement in climates unfavourable to the constitution—the immoderate use of tea, frequent intoxication, or any other destructive intemperance—the unskilful or excessive use of mercury—the diseases peculiar to females, at a certain period of life—bad lying in, &c. &c.

And is proved by long and extensive experience to be absolutely unparalleled in the cure of Nervous disorders, Violent cramps in the stomach and back, Indigestion, Melancholy, Gout in the stomach, Pains in the limbs, Relaxations, Involuntary emissions, Obsolete gleet, Fluoribus, (or whites), Impotency, &c. &c. In cases of extremity, where the long prevalence and obstinacy of disease has brought on a general impoverishment of the system, excessive debility of the whole frame, and a wasting of the flesh, which no nourishment or cordial could repair, a perseverance in the use of this medicine has performed the most astonishing cures.

HAMILTON'S ESSENCE and EXTRACT OF MUSTARD,

A safe and effectual remedy for gout, rheumatism, palsy, sprains, bruises, pains in the face and neck, &c. And has performed more cures in the above complaints than all the other medicines ever before made public.

From Dr. Weatherburn,

Wythe county, Virginia.

Gentlemen, I purchased at your shop the preparations you call Hamilton's Essence, or Extract of Mustard, which I believe has perfectly removed a chronic rheumatism (of that kind named sciatica, or of the hip joint) under which I had laboured for a long time, and which had baffled every article in the Materia Medica, and every mode of treatment received into practice for the cure of this obstinate disease. If you think this letter useful you are at liberty to make it public.

Yours, &c.

P. WEATHERBURN.

John Hoover, rope-maker, South Second-Street, between Mary and Christian-Streets, Philadelphia, voluntarily maketh oath as follows, namely, that his wife, Mary Hoover, was so severely afflicted with a violent rheumatism, very dangerously situated, the consequence of a severe cold after lying in, as to be confined to her bed for several weeks, and was at length reduced to the melancholy apprehension of remaining a cripple for life, notwithstanding the most respectable medical advice was followed, and every probable remedy attempted; when, seeing several cases of cures performed by Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard, they were procured from Mr. Birch, No. 17, South Second-Street. The first application enabled her to walk across the room, and the use of one bottle restored her to her usual state of health and strength.

JOHN HOOVER.

Sworn and subscribed before Ebenezer Forrester, Esq. one of the justices of the peace to Philadelphia County.

HAMILTON'S

WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES

Which have within four years past cured upwards of one hundred and twenty thousand persons of both sexes, of every age, and in every situation, of various dangerous complaints arising from worms, and form obstructions or foulness in the stomach and bowels.

This medicine bears no analogy whatever of similar title, so commonly complained of as operating with violence; on the contrary, a particular excellence of this remedy is its being suited to every age and constitution; contains nothing but what is perfectly innocent, and is so mild in its operation that it cannot injure the most delicate pregnant lady, or the tenderest infant of a week old, should no worms exist in the body; but will, without pain or griping, cleanse the stomach and bowels of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms and many fatal disorders. They are particularly efficacious in carrying off all gross humours and eruptions; feverish and bilious complaints, and are the safest and mildest purgative that can be used on any occasion.

Description of Worms, and the symptoms by which they are known.

Worms which infect the human body, are chiefly of four kinds, viz. the Tere or large round worm, the Ascarides, or small maw worm, the Cucurbitina, or short, flat, white worm, and lastly, the Tænia, or tape worm, so called from its resemblance to tape; this is often many yards long, and is full of joints—it is most hurtful, and most difficult to cure.

Among the symptoms attending worms, are disagreeable breath, especially in the morning—Bad and corrupted gums—itching in the nose and about the feet—Convulsions and epileptic fits, and sometimes privation of speech—Starting and grinding of the teeth in sleep—Irregular appetite, sometimes loathing food, and sometimes voracious—Purging, with slimy and fetid stools—Vomiting—Large and hard belly—Pains and sickness at the stomach—Pains in the head and thighs, with looseness of spirits—Slow fever, with small and irregular pulse—A dry cough—Excessive thirst—Sometimes pale and unhealthy countenance, and sometimes the face bloated and flushed.

Persons afflicted with any of the above symptoms, should have immediate recourse to HAMILTON'S WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES, which have been constantly attended with success in all complaints similar to those above described.

A dose of this medicine given occasionally during the warm season, will effectually prevent the vomiting and purging of children, a dreadful disorder which annually destroys thousands of the infant part of our cities. It is likewise the mildest and most certain remedy known and has restored to health and strength a great number when in an advanced stage of this fatal complaint. Particular and plain instructions are given for every part of the necessary treatment in such cases.

Children generally take this medicine with eagerness, having a pleasing appearance, and an agreeable taste.

CASES OF CURES.

(Selected from thousands) the authenticity of which any person may ascertain, either by letter or personal application.

TAPE WORM.

Mr. SAMUEL FULLER, Inn-keeper, on the Harford road, ten miles from Baltimore, began about 20 months ago to be grievously afflicted with a tape worm, which increased fast in size and strength, so as to excite the most horrid sensations by its writhing motions and intolerable pains, resembling the gnawing and tearing of his bowels, which deprived him of his necessary sleep, and caused such dreadful apprehensions as cannot be conceived but by one in a similar situation—his appetite wasted rapidly, and with that his strength, so that he was unable to attend to any business—when he heard of some excellent cures performed by Hamilton's worm lozenges, he took a large dose, which brought away about FOUR YARDS of the worm (now in the possession of Lee & Co.)—but a renewal of his pains soon convinced him that this monstrous reptile had recovered its first vigour—Application was made to Lee & Co. for more of their medicine, with their advice—from which resulted the total expulsion of his formidable enemy, in several pieces, which he supposed to be SIX or EIGHT YARDS more. A few months have since elapsed, and Mr. Fuller is now in perfect health. The above facts are well known to a numerous circle of his neighbours, and himself will gratify any who may wish to make further inquiries on the subject. Although Hamilton's worm lozenges produce such powerful effects, when necessary, yet they are perfectly innocent and mild in their operation on the human body, even taken in large doses, as Mr. Fuller will testify—their particular mildness is abundantly evident in innumerable cures of infants.

Communicated by Dr. John Spangler, York-town, Pennsylvania.

Letter from the reverend Mr. JOHN MOLLER, minister of the Moravian church, in York town.

York, January 4th, 1802.

Dear Sir,

Dr. Hamilton's lozenges have been recommended to me as a very adequate means for the cure of children afflicted with worms, I procured a box for the use of my family, to try, whether by means of this medicine, I might be enabled to gain a point, which, to accomplish, different other means had proved abortive. My eldest boy had a very sickly appearance, was very restless at night, grew leaner from time to time; in short, he seemed to be in a precarious state of health, which would yield to none of the medicines administered, until I gave him two doses of lozenges, agreeably to the directions which carried off a substance to all appearance a mucus but upon close inspection quite repelled

with very small living animals. Not one of that sort of worms which usually afflict children, came from him. Since that period he grew remarkably better in health, and though lean, has got a fresh and lively complexion. Upon different occasions I have used this medicine as a purging substitute, and found it to answer exceedingly well, without bringing on belly-ache, or any of those disagreeable sensations, so often occasioned by purging medicines. Upon the whole, I judge this medicine to be, besides its main object, one of the most salutary means for restoring lost appetite, and promoting a proper state of digestion, by carrying off that bilious substance, which engenders so much indisposition both among children and adults.

I am, Sir, your most obedient servant,
JOHN MOLLER.

Dr. HAHN'S TRUE and GENUINE GERMAN CORN PLAISTER.

An infallible remedy for corns, speedily removing them, root and branch, without giving pain.

The GENUINE PERSIAN LOTION,

So celebrated among the fashionable throughout Europe, as an invaluable cosmetic, perfectly innocent and safe, free from corrosive and repellant minerals (the basis of other lotions) and of unparalleled efficacy in preventing and removing blemishes in the face and skin of every kind, particularly freckles, pimple, inflammatory redness, furs, tetter, ring worms, sun burns, prickly heat, &c.

The Persian Lotion operates mildly, without impeding that natural, insensible perspiration which is essential to health. Yet its salutary effects are speedy and permanent, rendering the skin delicately soft and clear, in proving the complexion, and restoring the bloom of youth. Never failing to render an ordinary countenance beautiful, and an handsome one more so.

The RESTORATIVE POWDER for the TEETH and GUMS.

This excellent preparation comforts and strengthens the gums, preserves the enamel from decay, and cleanses and whitens the teeth, by absorbing all that acrimonious slime & foulness, which suffered to accumulate, never fails to injure and finally ruin them.

Dr. HAHN'S GENUINE EYE-WATER.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakness or of accident, deflections of rheum, dullness, itching and films on the eyes, never failing to cure those maladies which frequently succeed the small pox, measles and fevers, and wonderfully strengthening a weak sight. Hundreds have experienced its excellent virtues, when nearly deprived of sight.

TOOTH ACHE DROPS.

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

The SOVEREIGN OINTMENT for the ITCH.

Which is warranted an infallible remedy at one application, and may be used with perfect safety by pregnant women, or on infants a week old, not containing a particle of mercury, or any other dangerous ingredient whatever, and is not accompanied with that tormenting smart which attends the application of other remedies.

THE ANODYNE ELIXIR.

For the cure of every kind of head-ache.

INDIAN VEGETABLE SPECIFIC.

A safe and speedy remedy for the venereal disease.

"An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure."

For the prevention and cure of bilious and malignant fevers,

IS RECOMMENDED

Dr. HAHN'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS.

The operation of these pills is perfectly mild, so as to be used with safety by persons in every situation, and of every age.

They are excellently adapted to carry off superfluous bile, and prevent its morbid secretions—to restore and amend the appetite—to procure a free perspiration, and thereby prevent colds, which are often attended with fatal consequences—a dose never fails to remove a cold, if taken on its first appearance. They are celebrated for removing habitual costiveness—sickness at the stomach, and severe head-ache—and ought to be taken by all persons on a change of climate.

Sold likewise by S. Pleasants, Richmond; Ross and Douglass, Petersburg; T. Green, Frederickburgh; G. Purdie, Smithfield; M. Jones, Suffolk; Dr. Miller, Winchester; R. Green, how, Williamsburg; and J. Shaw-Leafburg.

Five Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on Saturday the 4th inst. a likely Negro Man named Daniel; about 5 feet 5 inches high; rather knock-kneed, and when spoken to is apt to stutter; had on, when he went away, a short blue jacket and trousers, wool hat, a pair of shoes and stockings. Whoever takes up said Daniel, and brings him to me in Alexandria, near the county wharf, shall receive the above reward and reasonable charges.

GARRET HEADEN.

March 18.

Spanish Hides,

JUST RECEIVED & FOR SALE,

By Roberts & Griffith.

March 10.

CLOVER SEED.

Warranted of the last crop. Just received and for sale by the Subscribers.

A few ricks of fresh CLOVER SEED. RICKETTS, NEWTON, & Co. Feb. 28.

JUST RECEIVED,

And for Sale by

SAMUEL BISHOP,

(Price 25 Cents.)

PITT & HIS STATUE.

A SATIRICAL POEM.

By Peter Pindar.

Jan. 19.

Notice.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of Thomas Cave, of Dumfries, deceased, are requested to bring them for adjustment and payment; and all those indebted to the estate are respectfully called upon to make immediate payment to the executor, it being her anxious wish to close all the accounts.

MARY ANN CAVE.

Alex. March 18.

NOTICE.

Will positively be Sold, at Public Sale, on the premises, the first day of April, if fair, if not the next fair day thereafter,

A tract of LAND in the county of Loudoun, on Goose Creek, near the Mill formerly owned by Col. Simon Triplett, containing 500 acres, a considerable part of which is in Wood; formerly the property of Augustine Love, and by him conveyed to Alexander Gordon, and by said Gordon conveyed to the subscribers for the benefit of his creditors. One fifth of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale, two fifths in twelve months, and the remaining two fifths in eighteen months from the day of sale; for which payments approved security will be required.

JONAH THOMPSON,

BENJ. COMEGYS,

JACOB HOFFMAN.

Jan. 18.

Notice.

The subscribers being appointed assignees of the estate and effects of ISAAC M'PHERSON, late of Prince William County, a Bankrupt, give notice, to all persons indebted to the said Isaac M'Pherston, or who have any of his effects, not to pay or deliver the same to any person, other than the subscribers, or such as shall be duly authorized by them, BENJAMIN BOTTS, TIMOTHY BRUNDIGE.

Dumfries, March 2.

W. FLANAGAN,

Next door to Messrs. May and Co's, King Street, has now landing from the ship Caroline, from Boston, for sale,

20 tons PLAISTER,

A few hhds. N. E. Rum, bags Pimento, boxes mould Candles, reams writing and wrapping Paper, chests young hyson Tea.

Also on hand,

30 bls. Boston Mefs Beef,

A few bls. tanners' Oil, 500 bushels Limestone Salt, bales of India Cotton, consisting of Gurrahs and Baftas.

The Sloop will shortly return to Boston—200 bls. will be taken on Freight, if offered immediately.

March 16.

Wanted to Hire Immediately,

ABOUT 40 hands, 12 hewers and 8 waggons and teams. Employment may be had 3 months, or more, by application to J. and M. Scholfield, Alexandria, Isaac Scholfield, Walter or Wm. Lindsey, near Colchester, or Henry Woodrow, at Aquia.

N. B. Hands are to bring axes and hewers broad axes.

Feb. 7.

To Rent.

For one or more Years, A STORE HOUSE situated at Fairfax Court House, which, from the great resort of people, is thought to be a very good stand for a Retail Store. For terms apply to Mr. John Ratcliff, living at the place, or the subscriber.

RICHD. RATCLIFF.

Feb. 2.

Cath given for clean linen and cotton rags.

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